## SAFETY DATA SHEET

| Section 1. Identification |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Product name | $:$DURA SEAL® QUICK COAT 2 Hour Penetrating Finish <br> True Black 199 |
| Product code $: 81199 / 86199$ |  |
| Other means of <br> identification | $:$ Not available. |
| Product type | $:$ Liquid. |
| Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against |  |

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status
Classification of the substance or mixture

## GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms
: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 54.2\% (oral), $54.2 \%$ (dermal), $54.2 \%$ (inhalation)


Signal word : Danger

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## Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements

Prevention

Response

## Storage

Disposal
Supplemental label elements
: Flammable liquid and vapor.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Suspected of causing cancer.
May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.
Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

## Hazards not otherwise classified

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Mixture |
| :--- | :--- |
| Other means of | : Not available. |

identification
CAS number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name | \% by weight | CAS number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | $\geq 25-\leq 50$ | 64742-47-8 |
| Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | $\geq 10-\leq 25$ | 64742-88-7 |
| Carbon Black | $\leq 10$ | 1333-86-4 |
| Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha | <1 | 64742-48-9 |
| Toluene | <1 | 108-88-3 |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | $\leq 0.3$ | 22464-99-9 |
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate | $\leq 0.3$ | 136-52-7 |
| 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone | $\leq 0.3$ | 872-50-4 |
| Date of issue/Date of revision :7/3/2020 Date of previous issue | :3/3/2020 | Version : 13 |
| 81199/86199 $\begin{array}{l}\text { DURA SEAL® QUICK COAT } 2 \text { Hour Penetrating Finish } \\ \text { True Black } 199\end{array}$ |  | SHW-85-NA-GHS-US |

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Naphthenic Acid $\leq 0.3$

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.
There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

## Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

Inhalation

Skin contact

Ingestion
: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

## Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## Over-exposure signs/symptoms

| Eye contact | $:$ No specific data. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: |
| respiratory tract irritation |  |
| coughing |  |
| nausea or vomiting |  |
| headache |  |
| drowsiness/fatigue |  |
| dizziness/vertigo |  |

unconsciousness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

Specific treatments
Protection of first-aiders
: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
: No specific treatment.
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

## See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

## Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media
Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

## Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters
: Use dry chemical, $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$, water spray (fog) or foam.
: Do not use water jet.
: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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## Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency
personnel


No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

## Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill
: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Advice on general
occupational hygiene
: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name | CAS \# | Exposure limits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | 64742-47-8 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: $200 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. |
| Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | 64742-88-7 | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: $400 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours. |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). <br> TWA: $3.5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 10$ hours. <br> TWA: 0.1 mg of PAHs $/ \mathrm{cm}^{3} 10$ hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). <br> TWA: $3 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours. Form: Inhalable fraction <br> OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: $3.5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours. |
| Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha Toluene | $\begin{array}{\|l} 64742-48-9 \\ 108-88-3 \end{array}$ | None. <br> OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). <br> TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. <br> CEIL: 300 ppm <br> AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes. <br> NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). <br> TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. <br> TWA: $375 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 10$ hours. <br> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. <br> STEL: $560 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 15$ minutes. <br> ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). <br> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | 22464-99-9 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, (as Zr ) 8 hours. STEL: $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, (as Zr ) 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, (as Zr ) 10 hours. STEL: $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, (as Zr ) 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, (as Zr ) 8 hours. |
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate | 136-52-7 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWA: $0.02 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, (as Co) 8 hours. |
| 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone | 872-50-4 | AIHA WEEL (United States, 7/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. |
| Naphthenic Acid | 1338-24-5 | None. |


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| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection
Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

| Ingredient name | CAS \# | Exposure limits |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate | $64742-47-8$ | CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, <br> $5 / 2019) . ~ A b s o r b e d ~ t h r o u g h ~ s k i n . ~$ |
|  |  | TWA: $200 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, (as total hydrocarbon <br> vapour) 8 hours. <br> CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). |
|  |  | Absorbed through skin. |

Medium aliphatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) C9-C12
Carbon black

Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate

| Ingredient name |
| :--- |
| Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate |
|  |
|  |
| Medium aliphatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) C9-C12 |

Toluene

64742-88-7
1333-86-4

108-88-3

22464-99-9

8 hrs OEL: $200 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). Absorbed through skin.
TWA: $200 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: $525 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours.
CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).
TWA: $3 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours. Form: Inhalable
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: $3 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours. Form: Inhalable fraction.
CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: $3.5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours.
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
TWAEV: $3.5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours.
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
STEL: $7 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 15$ minutes.
TWA: $3.5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours.
CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
Absorbed through skin.
8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.
8 hrs OEL: $188 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours.
CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).
TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
Absorbed through skin.
TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
TWAEV: $188 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} 8$ hours.
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
7/2013). Absorbed through skin.
STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, (as Zr ) 8 hours. 15 min OEL: $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, (as Zr ) 15 minutes.
CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).
TWA: $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, (as Zr ) 8 hours.
STEL: $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, (as Zr ) 15 minutes.
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
TWAEV: $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, (as Zr ) 8 hours.

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|  | True Black 199 |  |  |  |  |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection


Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

|  | CAS \# | Exposure limits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | 64742-47-8 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Absorbed through skin. <br> TWA: $200 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | 22464-99-9 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). <br> TWA: $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, (as Zr ) 8 hours. STEL: $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, (as Zr ) 15 minutes. |
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate | 136-52-7 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: $0.02 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, (as Co) 8 hours. |


| Appropriate engineering <br> controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or <br> other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any <br> recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, <br> vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Environmental exposure | ventilation equipment. <br> : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure <br> they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some <br> cases, fume scrubbers, fiters or engineering modifications to the process equipment <br> will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
| Individual protection measures |  |$\quad$| : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before |
| :--- |
| Hygiene measures |
| eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. |
| Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. |
| Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash |
| contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety |
| showers are close to the workstation location. |

Appropriate engineering controls

Environmental exposure controls
: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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Eye/face protection

Body protection

Other skin protection

Respiratory protection

## Skin protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.
: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance
Physical state
Color
Odor
Odor threshold
pH
Melting point/freezing point
Boiling point/boiling range
Flash point
Evaporation rate
Flammability (solid, gas)
Lower and upper explosive
(flammable) limits
Vapor pressure
Vapor density
Relative density
Solubility
Partition coefficient: n-
octanol/water
Auto-ignition temperature
Decomposition temperature
Viscosity
Molecular weight

## Aerosol product

Heat of combustion $: 23.066 \mathrm{~kJ} / \mathrm{g}$

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

## Reactivity

Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition products
: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
: The product is stable.
: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

## Section 11. Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Carbon Black | LD50 Oral | Rat | $>15400 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
| Hydrotreated Heavy | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | $8500 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ | 4 hours |
| Petroleum Naphtha | LD50 Oral | Rat | $>6 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
| Toluene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | $49 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ | 4 hours |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | LD50 Oral | Rat | $636 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
|  | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | $>5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate | LD50 Dermal | Rat | $>5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
| 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone | LD50 Oral | Rabbit | $>5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
| Naphthenic Acid | LD50 Dermal | Rat | $1.22 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |

## Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Toluene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit |  | 0.5 minutes | - |
|  | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 870 ug | - |
|  | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit |  | 24 hours 2 |  |
|  | Skin - Mild irritant | Pig | - | mg 24 hours 250 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 435 mg | - |
|  | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 | - |
|  | Skin - Moderate irritant |  | - | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{mg} \\ & 500 \mathrm{mg} \end{aligned}$ | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { 81199/86199 } & \begin{array}{l}\text { DURA SEAL® } \\ \text { True Black } 199\end{array}\end{array}$ | K COAT 2 Hour Penetrating F |  |  | SHW-85 | NA-GHS-US |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Sensitization

Not available.
Mutagenicity
Not available.

## Carcinogenicity

Not available.

## Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Carbon Black | - | 2B | - |
| Toluene | - | 3 | - |
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate | - | 2B | Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. |

## Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

## Teratogenicity

Not available.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of <br> exposure | Target organs |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract <br> irritation <br> Narcotic effects <br> Respiratory tract <br> irritation |
| Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha | Category 3 | Narcotic effects <br> Respiratory tract <br> irritation |  |
| Toluene | Category 3 <br> Category 3 <br> Narcotic effects <br> Respiratory tract <br> irritation <br> Narcotic effects <br> Respiratory tract <br> irritation |  |  |
| 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone | Category 3 <br> Category 3 | - | Category 3 <br> Category 3 |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of <br> exposure | Target organs |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | Category 2 | - | - |
| Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 1 | - | - |
| Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha | Category 2 | - | - |
| Toluene | Category 2 | - | - |

## Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
| :--- | :--- |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Toluene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |


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## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Information on the likely routes of exposure | Not available. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Potential acute health effects |  |
| Eye contact | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Inhalation | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depre dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depre enters airways. |
| Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristi |  |
| Eye contact | No specific data. |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure
Potential immediate : Not available. effects
Potential delayed effects : Not available.
Long term exposure
Potential immediate : Not available. effects
Potential delayed effects : Not available.
Potential chronic health effects
Not available.

| General | $:$ Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a <br> severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. <br> : |
| :--- | :--- |
| Carcinogenicity | Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of |
| exposure. |  |


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Teratogenicity
Developmental effects
Fertility effects
: May damage the unborn child.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: May damage fertility.

```
Numerical measures of toxicity
Acute toxicity estimates
Not available.
```


## Section 12. Ecological information

## Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Toluene | Acute LC50 $2200 \mu \mathrm{~g} /$ | Fish - Lepomis | 4 days |
|  | Acute EC50 $12500 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{l}$ Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
|  | Acute EC50 $11600 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{l}$ Fresh water | Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult | 48 hours |
|  | Acute EC50 $6000 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{l}$ Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 $5500 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{I}$ Fresh water Chronic NOEC $1000 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{I}$ Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 96 hours <br> 21 days |
| 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone | Acute LC50 1.23 ppm Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 832 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |
| Naphthenic Acid | Acute EC50 $26000 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{l}$ Fresh water | Algae - Navicula seminulum | 96 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 $5600 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{l}$ Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |

## Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Toluene | - | - | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Hydrotreated Heavy | - | 10 to 2500 | high |
| Petroleum Naphtha | - | 90 | low |
| Toluene | 2.96 | low |  |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | - | 15600 | high |
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate | - |  |  |

## Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available.
coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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## Section 13. Disposal considerations

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

|  | DOT Classification | TDG <br> Classification | Mexico Classification | IATA | IMDG |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT. Marine pollutant (Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon, Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent) |
| Transport hazard class(es) | $3$ | $3$ | 全 | $3$ | $3$ |
| Packing group | III | III | III | III | III |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | Yes. |
| Additional information | This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal ) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials. ERG No. | Product classified as per the following sections of the <br> Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: <br> 2.18-2.19 (Class $3)$. | - | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \mathrm{~L}$ or $\leq 5$ kg . <br> Emergency <br> schedules F-E, SE |
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## Section 14. Transport information

| ERG No. | ERG No. |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 128 |  |  |  |

Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.
Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Proper shipping name : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rules: 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone
SARA 313
SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.
California Prop. 65
WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.
International regulations
International lists
: Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.
China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.
Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.
Thailand inventory: Not determined.
Turkey inventory: Not determined.
Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

## Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

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## Section 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS $®$ is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.
Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
| :--- | :--- |
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 | On basis of test data |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract | Calculation method |
| irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - | Calculation method |
| Category 3 | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 |  |

## History

Date of printing : 7/3/2020
Date of issue/Date of : 7/3/2020
revision
Date of previous issue : $3 / 3 / 2020$

Version
Key to abbreviations
: 13
: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
N/A = Not available
SGG = Segregation Group
UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

## Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

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